**PART I**

**LISTENING**

***Listen to the recording and then aswer the questions.***

1. Amy thinks that the roads in Beijing are:
2. Unsafe for cyclists
3. Very wide
4. Very bad
5. Less busy than in the past
6. Lee advises people to:
7. Slow down on bicycles
8. Use cycle paths
9. Not cycle too much
10. Cycle on the motorways
11. The number of people who own bicycles in Beijing is:
12. A quarter of a million
13. 3 million
14. 9 million
15. 12 million
16. Bikes in Beijing are:
17. Difficult to buy
18. Cheap to buy
19. Easy to rent
20. Expensive to rent

5. Lee and Amy agree that Beijing is:

1. Beautiful and historical
2. Beautiful but does not have any character
3. Not beautiful but has character
4. Beautiful and modern

6. What Amy says about old and new buildings in Beijing is that:

1. They are mixed together in the city
2. The old buildings are hidden by the new buildings
3. They are found in separate parts of the city
4. The majority of buildings are new

7. What Lee dislikes about shopping in Beijing is:

1. Boring shops
2. Shopping malls
3. Prices
4. Arguing with shopkeepers

8. There is a big variety of food available in Beijing because:

1. It is the capital city and there are a lot of restaurants
2. The food markets are cheap and are very good
3. A lot of foreign people live there
4. The city attracts people from every region of China

9. Lee likes Ghost Street because:

1. It has the greatest variety of restaurants
2. The restaurants serve international food
3. The restaurants serve traditional food
4. It has the cheapest restaurants in Beijing

10. The last time Amy went out for dinner she:

1. Went with Lee
2. Ate in the food market
3. Drank snake wine
4. Didn’t enjoy the food

***ANSWER KEY***

1. a 2. b 3. b 4. c 5. c 6. a 7. b 8. d 9. c 10. d

**PART II**

**GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

***Choose the best answer.***

1. Alex \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ late. He’s stuck in traffic.

1. will be arrive
2. will arriving
3. will be arriving

2. The mountain \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ we climbed yesterday was the highest mountain in Britain!

1. which
2. where
3. what

3. Sorry, Jake, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ late tomorrow, I’m afraid.

1. ’ll have been
2. ’ll be
3. ’ll be being

4. 3. *Which sentence means:* This time next week, Joyce will no longer be here?

1. This time next week, Joyce will be leaving.
2. This time next week, Joyce will have left.
3. This time next week, Joyce will leave.

5. **Report this sentence correctly:** ‘There was an accident outside the supermarket’.

1. He said there had been an accident outside the supermarket.
2. He said there has been an accident outside the supermarket.
3. He said there was an accident outside the supermarket.

6. If he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ you an invoice, you should pay him.

1. would send
2. ‘s sent
3. had sent

7. Which sentence is correct?

1. If you’d remembered to bring a map, we wouldn’t be lost now.
2. If you remembered to bring a map, we wouldn’t be lost now.
3. If you’d remembered to bring a map, we wouldn’t have been lost now.

8. **Which sentence means:** Maybe John went to the shop.

1. John must have gone to the shop.
2. John may have gone to the shop.
3. John might not have gone to the shop.

9. The equipment \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ delivered tomorrow afternoon.

1. will been
2. will
3. will be

10. When I turned on the television, my favorite program \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. had finished nearly.
2. has nearly finished.
3. had nearly finished.

11. A merchant who owns or manages a shop is a/an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .

1. diver
2. shopkeeper
3. engineer

12. A person who designs and writes and tests computer programs is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. programmer
2. workman
3. scientist

13. A car driven by a person whose job is to take passengers where they want to go in exchange for money is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. helicopter
2. fare
3. cab

14. The shore of a sea or ocean is called the “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_” of it.

1. pollution
2. coast
3. wild

15. A \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is an open jar of glass or porcelain used as an ornament or to hold flowers

1. alarm clock
2. laptop
3. vase

ANSWER KEY:

1. c 2. a 3. b 4. b 5. a 6. b 7. a 8. b 9. c 10. c 11. b

12. a 13. c 14. b 15. c

**PART III**

**READING**

***Read the passage and answer the questions that follow.***

**Tigers:** they're big, brave and scary, right? Well, not necessarily it seems, if we believe this story from a zoo in China.

The Chongqing Wild Animal Park has five rare adult white tigers. The original idea was to train them and make them tame enough to perform tricks for visitors, but it now seems that the process may have gone a bit too far.

According to one of their keepers, the tigers have started to lose their true nature because they've been cared for by humans and now have quite a comfortable lifestyle. Keepers have been trying to get them to follow their natural instincts by teaching them to hunt, but the results so far are not encouraging.

**The keeper says:** "It was quite funny really. The tigers were so scared of other live animals. They wouldn't go near them." In the end, the tigers did work up enough courage to approach a potential meal but only because it had passed out. The problem was, when it regained consciousness and started making noises, they immediately ran for cover.

So, how do you make a cowardly tiger brave again? In an attempt to toughen them up, the keepers are now not allowing them to stay in their heated cages for more than 12 hours a day. If this doesn't do the trick, the next plan is to put a wild tiger in with them to show them how things are supposed to be done. But perhaps you've already spotted the fault with this: what if the domesticated tigers are afraid of their wild cousin? "If all else fails", says their keeper, "we will just have to cut down their food till they have no choice but to find food for themselves."

1. According to the writer, tigers are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. probably less frightening than they seem.
2. usually thought of as brave animals.
3. easier to domesticate than expected.

2. The Wild Animal Park wanted the tigers to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. entertain visitors.
2. return to the wild.
3. appear more scary.

3. The problem with the tigers is that they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. have become dependent on people.
2. were born and brought up in the zoo.
3. seem to be too difficult to train.

4. The tigers went up to one animal because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. it was less aggressive.
2. it had lost consciousness.
3. they had got used to it.

5. The keepers are now trying to change the tigers' behavior by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. putting them with wild tigers.
2. making their cages less comfortable.
3. keeping them outside for longer.

6. In the end, the zoo may have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. teach the tigers to hunt.
2. let the tigers go Free.
3. feed the tigers less.

ANSWER KEY:

1. b 2. a 3. a 4. b 5. c 6. c

**PART IV**

**WRITING**

***Choose one of the following topics and write a well-organized essay on it (200 – 250 words)***

1. Describe a custom from your country that you would like people from other countries to adopt. Why? Explain.

2. The twentieth century saw great changes. What do you think are the changes that should be remembered about the twentieth century? Use specific reasons and details to explain your choice.

**PART V**

**ORAL EXAM is a speaking exam which approximately takes 10 minutes, and the students are required to speak about general and everyday issues.**