**USE OF ENGLISH**

**In questions 1 – 18, choose the correct word or phrase that best completes the sentence.**

1. **were not placed under the government’s protection disappointed many people.**
	1. That some historic buildings in the city centre
	2. Some historic buildings in the city centre
	3. Being historic, some buildings in the city centre
	4. Some historic buildings that are in the city centre

## France refused to admit into the country hundreds of illegal immigrants arriving from North Africa and \_ .

* 1. either did Germany b. so did Germany

c. neither did Germany d. nor did Germany

## The old man managed to tell his son \_\_ he kept all his money only a few minutes before he died.

* 1. whether b. which c. when d. where

## Robin Smith’s first novel enjoyed enormous success. It was first published in January and by the beginning of May it\_ over three million copies.

* 1. sold b. has sold c. was selling d. had sold

## Jessica and her husband have been arguing a lot recently. She wants to move to Boston but \_ in New York.

* 1. he’d rather live b. he’d rather living

c. he’d rather lived d. he’d rather to live

## This room is freezing cold. \_ you mind \_ the air-conditioner?

* 1. Would / if I turn off b. Do / if I turned off

c. Would / turning off d. Do / having turned off

## The Prime Minister’s speech caused a lot of anger and dissatisfaction among immigrants and ethnic minorities. Many officials wish he \_ that speech.

* 1. has never made b. would never make

c. never made d. had never made

## If I that learning Russian was going to be so difficult, I that course.

* 1. had known / would never take b. knew / would never take

c. had known / would never have taken d. knew / would never have taken

## The Johnsons \_ their luxurious house anywhere. I simply do not understand why they chose such a bad location.

* 1. must have built b. could have built

c. can build d. might build

## Last time I decided to travel, I \_ my ticket \_ directly to my office. I suggest you do the same as it is really convenient.

* 1. have / sent b. had / sent c. get / send d. got / send

## I think my mother-in-law really appreciated \_ giving her a hand.

* 1. my b. I was c. mine d. I am

## Last week, the Colombian President denied the imprisonment of several famous journalists.

* 1. to order b. having ordered

c. to have ordered d. have been ordering

## Today, the word “emigrant” refers to a person who leaves his own country to settle in another country, \_ the word “immigrant” refers to a person who enters and settles in a new country.

* 1. whereas b. therefore c. in as much as d. among

## The more he thought about the problem, the solution seemed to be.

* 1. easier b. the easiest c. easiest d. the easier

## I remember very clearly my mother \_\_ me how to write. She would spend hours writing down the letters of the alphabet one by one.

* 1. to teach b. to have taught

c. teaching d. teach

## Scientists have speculated that the destruction of the Amazon Forest would

 **plants and animals to dangerous acid rain.**

* 1. have been exposed b. have been exposing

c. expose d. be exposed

## By the end of the course the students the most important grammar structures.

* 1. have mastered b. will have mastered

c. have been mastering d. are mastering

## I’m sure you will get a high grade in your exam you study systematically and do all your homework.

* 1. unless b. nevertheless c. provided that d. hence

**In questions 19 – 20, choose the appropriate statement for the situation given.**

1. **A friend of yours complains that apart from her, all the other colleagues in her office have received a pay raise. She feels hurt so she wants to quit immediately. You think she is behaving unreasonably. Since she cannot afford to remain unemployed, you advise her to be more careful. You say:**
2. Your colleagues are not better than you. Why does your boss refuse to give you a pay raise?
3. How can you survive on such a low salary? I would suggest that you start looking for another job.
4. I understand how you feel, but why don’t you find another job before you quit?
5. I feel sorry for you. I think your boss simply does not trust you. It is better to be unemployed than work for him.

## You get stuck in heavy traffic on your way to an important job interview. You arrive there thirty minutes late and when you finally meet your interviewer, you offer your apologies and try to explain why you were late. You say:

* 1. I apologize for being late. I knew that there would be a lot of traffic on the roads today.
	2. I am terribly sorry that you had to wait for me. I have no excuse for being so late.
	3. Please forgive me for keeping you waiting. I apologize for all the inconveniences that I might have caused.
	4. I apologize for being so late. If there had not been a lot of traffic on the roads, I would have arrived here on time.

**In questions 21 – 30, choose the correct sentence with the closest meaning to the given sentence.**

1. **It was not until they watched the evening news that people realized how much damage the storm had caused.**
	1. People did not know how much damage the storm had caused until they watched the evening news.
	2. People watched the evening news because they realized that the storm had caused a lot of damage.
	3. Before watching the evening news, people knew that the storm had caused a lot of damage.
	4. After they realized that the storm had caused a lot of damage, people watched the news until late in the evening.

## In the 19th century, Europeans wanting to immigrate to the USA could do so as long as they did not have any infectious diseases.

* 1. European immigrants of the 19th century suffered from infections for as long as they stayed in the USA.
	2. In the 19th century, only healthy Europeans could immigrate to the USA.
	3. In the 19th century, whenever Europeans got sick, they tried to immigrate to the USA.
	4. Europeans with infectious diseases could stay in the USA only for a short time in the 19th century.

## The new sports centre will provide more opportunities for students and teachers alike.

* 1. The new sports centre will provide more opportunities for students than for teachers.
	2. The opportunities that the new sports centre will offer are similar for both teachers and students.
	3. Both teachers and students will be provided with more opportunities by the new sports centre.
	4. Teachers like the fact that the new centre will provide more opportunities for their students.

## No sooner had the administration announced the policy change than the students began their protest.

* 1. The administration changed the announced policy as a result of the students’ protest.
	2. The students began protesting because the policy change was announced too late.
	3. As soon as the students began to protest, the administration announced the policy change.
	4. The students began protesting the moment the administration announced the policy change.

## Since nitrogen is one of the constant components of protein, scientists can measure protein by measuring nitrogen.

* 1. Scientists can measure protein by measuring nitrogen because nitrogen is a constant component of protein.
	2. Scientists can measure protein by measuring nitrogen only if the level of nitrogen is not constant.
	3. Measuring protein enables scientists to measure nitrogen as nitrogen is made up of constant components.
	4. By measuring nitrogen, the scientists can measure the constant components of protein.

## London is second only to Paris as the most visited city in the world.

1. Both Paris and London are considered to be the most visited cities in the world.
2. Paris is the second most visited city in the world after London.
3. London is the second city in the world which is visited more than Paris.
4. After Paris, London is the most visited city in the world.

## The hormone androvine acts as a painkiller and is six times as strong as morphine or ecotrin.

1. Androvine is a painkiller which can be as powerful as morphine or ecotrin.
2. Androvine acts as a painkiller only when it is six times stronger than morphine.
3. Neither ecotrin nor morphine is as strong as androvine in killing pain.
4. Although androvine is a hormone, it can be used up to six times as a painkiller.

## I am amazed that we arrived at the airport on time.

1. We made an amazing appointment to meet at the airport on time.
2. I did not expect to get to the airport on time but surprisingly, we did.
3. I am surprised that we had so much time left before we boarded the plane.
4. My friend and I were amazed to see each other at the airport at the same time.

## When used in small amounts, antibiotics do not kill bacteria; they only help them become stronger.

1. Bacteria become stronger if low doses of antibiotics are used.
2. Strong amounts of antibiotics do not kill bacteria but make them less dangerous.
3. Antibiotics which fail to kill bacteria should be used in small amounts.
4. When the number of bacteria is small, antibiotics do not work.

## You only have to visit your local hospital to see that the system is not working.

* 1. In order to visit the local hospital, you have to see that the system isn’t working.
	2. It is enough to visit the local hospital to understand that the system isn’t working.
	3. Since the system does not work, you have to go and visit your local hospital.
	4. Because this system works only in your local hospital, you have to visit it.

**In questions 31 – 40, choose the correct answer that best completes each sentence.**

1. **Many pharmaceutical companies are conducting clinical trials .**
	1. in the hope that they find anti-cancer drugs
	2. which they have discovered anti-cancer drugs
	3. whether or not the government sponsors them is not important
	4. if they want to discover powerful drugs that reduce pain

## Even though adding a new floor to the museum is not advisable, .

* 1. which is what the council is planning to do
	2. therefore, the council won’t put its project into practice
	3. the council is planning to go ahead with the project
	4. so that the council’s project has been cancelled

## \_ that the basic needs of tomorrow’s travelers will be much different from the needs of today’s travelers.

* 1. Since transportation has changed considerably
	2. Further changes in technology will result
	3. The argument put forward by several agencies
	4. There is more than one reason to assume

## \_ despite all the attempts the government has made to control inflation.

* 1. In 2008, the economic slowdown affecting the country
	2. As the country has rarely enjoyed economic stability
	3. A general rise in the prices of goods has been noticed
	4. Witnessing the economic crisis which hit the country

##  takes three to five days.

* 1. For a patient to recover from eye surgery
	2. To the patient who recovers from eye surgery
	3. That a patient who is recovering from eye surgery
	4. In most patients, recovering from eye surgery

## They have invested so much time and energy in this project .

* 1. for as long as they work together as a team
	2. that everyone expects them to succeed
	3. as they have put great effort every single day
	4. since people do not have trust in them

## Since his family is the most important part of his life, .

* 1. whenever he thinks about his children and wife
	2. he makes sure he is always present in his children’s lives.
	3. so that he does not have any regrets in the future
	4. that’s the reason why he tries to satisfy all his children’s desires

## Teachers who believe homework helps students learn better \_ .

* 1. because more practice increases students’ confidence
	2. and assist them in acquiring a second language faster
	3. should design exercises according to their students’ needs
	4. which is what many parents and education specialists think

## Alex asked to be excused from class .

* 1. if he had not been feeling well all day
	2. why he was feeling so sick and tired
	3. since he had apologized for doing so
	4. as he felt a terrible pain in his stomach

## It has only recently been discovered .

* 1. in case deadly viruses can develop resistance to drugs
	2. that bacteria can be transmitted through household plants
	3. because nowadays technology has made everything easier
	4. why are children developing more health problems than before

**VOCABULARY**

**In questions 41 – 50, choose the correct word that has the closest meaning to the underlined word.**

1. The anti-smoking campaign of the government made quite an **impact** on young people as the number of young smokers is in decline.
	1. effect b. increase c. problem d. respect
2. The Black Sea region is **renowned** for its outstanding natural beauty and the sincere hospitality of its local people.
	1. exciting b. famous c. protected d. deserted
3. Research **indicates** that over 81 % of teachers are dissatisfied with their salaries and want more money.
	1. clears b. represents c. prevents d. shows
4. Several colleges in Turkey have **rigid** rules about student behavior and do not tolerate lack of discipline.
	1. strict b. valuable c. creative d. responsible
5. Many businesswomen find it difficult to **cope** with the pressure of working with male superiors and quit their jobs.
	1. create b. deal c. try d. leave
6. The majority of the local inhabitants had to **abandon** their houses after the earthquake and moved to safer locations.
	1. live b. destroy c. leave d. build
7. After the president of the IMF was taken into custody, he was given no special

**privileges** and was treated just like every other prisoner.

* 1. favors b. excuses c. practices d. commands
1. The school is required to **notify** parents if their children fail to come to school.
	1. notice b. annoy c. confirm d. inform
2. Despite the developments in science and technology, it's still not possible to

**accurately** predict the occurrence of earthquakes.

* 1. constantly b. variably c. frequently d. correctly
1. I still can’t **figure out** why he killed his wife after 50 years of marriage.
	1. explain b. understand c. convince d. criticize

**In questions 51 – 60, choose the correct word that best completes the sentence.**

1. **Although it was the last day of school, students expressed \_ interest in the class.**
	1. genuine b. indifferent c. attractive d. impulsive

## The school will give to science, maths and modern languages rather than arts and physical education.

* 1. productivity b. priority c. privacy d. practicality

## Since the attacks on the World Trade Center in 2001, the Muslim population in the USA has been suffering from \_ and unfair treatment because of their religion.

* 1. justice b. disservice c. prejudice d. sacrifice

## The New York Times used to have the highest \_ \_ in the USA but today the Herald Tribune sells more.

* 1. circulation b. combination c. calculation d. constitution

## Scientists are working on new methods to make plants more to disease and harsh weather.

* 1. dependent b. convenient c. resistant d. consistent

## Changes in the of the atmosphere are thought to be responsible for global warming.

* 1. composition b. connection c. conservation d. cooperation

## The of bacteria inside the mouth leads to bad breath and tooth infections.

* 1. accumulation b. acceleration c. addiction d. alienation

## The mayor is trying to local businesses to play a more active role in the project.

* 1. preserve b. persuade c. control d. compensate

## Before deciding to in a company, one should do some research into how much profit it makes every year.

* 1. invent b. involve c. invade d. invest

## When you are working such long hours, it's inevitable that your marriage will start to \_\_.

* 1. suffer b. strike c. sacrifice d. steal

## READING

**Answer questions 61 – 80 according to the reading passages.**

**HOW DID THEY DIE?**

1. When Napoleon Bonaparte died in exile in 1821, autopsy reports pointed at stomach cancer as the possible cause of his death. However, when a study in 1961 found high levels of arsenic in Napoleon’s hair, some historians wondered if the former emperor had been poisoned. Some speculated that enemies who feared Napoleon had poisoned him; others blamed the arsenic in the paints that were used for coloring the wallpaper in his home. But many scientists reject these possibilities. A 2002 French analysis called the poisoning theory unlikely, and a 2005 study added support to the cancer theory by recording the decreasing waist sizes of Napoleon’s final pairs of trousers, suggesting that he lost a lot of weight in his final days due to stomach cancer.
2. In 2008, Italian researchers asked museums for samples of Napoleon’s hair cut at different times -- during his childhood in Corsica, during an earlier exile in Elba, and after his death. Under laboratory conditions, the team measured the concentrations of arsenic in the samples. **They** found the levels were much higher than today’s standards, but the amounts did not change throughout Napoleon’s life. The arsenic levels were also similar to those found in the hair samples from his wife and child, which means everyone was more or less exposed to the poison in those days.
3. When it comes to Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart’s death, researchers do not have much to go on. After his death in December 5, 1791, no autopsy was performed and the poor musician was buried in an unmarked grave in Vienna.
4. In 2009, a group of researchers **attempted** to determine the most probable cause of Mozart’s death by looking at how everyone else in Vienna died. They analyzed the causes of death for 5,011 adults who died in November, December, and January of the same year as Mozart. They found out that the majority of these people had died of streptococcal infection. Based on these findings, the researchers concluded that the cause of the death of the famous composer must have been an untreated streptococcal infection.

## What finding increases the possibility that Napoleon died of stomach cancer?

* 1. There were high concentrations of arsenic in his hair samples.
	2. The waist sizes of his trousers became smaller and smaller towards the end of his life.
	3. The hair samples of his wife and child exhibited relatively high levels of arsenic.
	4. The walls of his house were covered with wall paper that contained arsenic

## All of the following are true about arsenic EXCEPT:

* 1. It was found naturally in the environment in the nineteenth century.
	2. People used it to kill their enemies.
	3. It is a substance that can be traced by examining body hair.
	4. It is a major cause of stomach cancer.

## We can UNDERSTAND from the text that .

* 1. streptococcal infection can be fatal if it is not treated properly
	2. it was normal to bury people in unmarked graves in the 18th century in Vienna
	3. streptococcal infection is more dangerous in adults than in children
	4. Mozart refused to be treated for his illness because he was poor

## The word “they” in paragraph II refers to \_ \_.

* 1. arsenic concentrations b. hair samples

c. Italian researchers d. laboratory conditions

## The word “attempted” in paragraph IV is closest in meaning to .

* 1. joined b. arrived c. concluded d. tried

**A NEW WAY TO POWER YOUR HOME**

**I**

A super efficient system that has the potential to power, heat and cool homes is being

developed at Newcastle University. The system works by burning vegetable oil to power a

generator and provide electricity for the home. The waste heat from this process is then used to provide heating and hot water, and is also **converted** to cool a fridge. This three-way utilization of energy is known as *micro-trigeneration*.

**II**

Created by experts at the Institute for Energy Research at Newcastle University, the

design also includes a unique energy storage system. The energy storage system is designed

to allow home owners to store the extra electrical energy during ‘off-peak’ times, for example during the night, and to efficiently release energy when **it** is needed most.

**III** One of the potential oils to be used in the system comes from the seeds of the *Croton Megalocarpus* plant which grows in East Africa. *Croton Megalocarpus* brings with it the advantage of growing fast and on poor soil that is not suitable for traditional farming or food production. This means providing a fuel without sacrificing land for food crops. In addition, the *Croton Megalocarpus* plant cleans the air by absorbing carbon while growing.

## All of the following are reasons why we could call the system unique EXCEPT:

* 1. It provides electricity in the home by burning vegetable oil.
	2. It heats and cools without wasting energy.
	3. Its source of power helps reduce air pollution.
	4. It turns excess hot water into ice water in the fridge.

## The energy storage system .

* 1. gives out extra energy during the night
	2. saves energy to be used when it is needed
	3. does not allow home owners to use energy efficiently
	4. releases extra energy at all times

## All of the following may be reasons for choosing the seed of *Croton Megalocarpus* as a fuel for the new system EXCEPT:

* 1. It helps the development of traditional farming in East Africa.
	2. It can grow in poor soil where other crops cannot easily grow.
	3. It cleans the air while it grows.
	4. It does not require a long time to grow.

## What does “it” in paragraph II refer to?

* 1. design b. night c. energy d. storage system

## The word “converted” in paragraph I is closest in meaning to .

* 1. engaged b. transformed c. abandoned d. separated

# AUTOCRATIC MANAGEMENT STYLE

1. Autocratic management style is based on a belief system that says workers will not try to improve their performance unless they are motivated to do so. This belief system behind autocratic management style is called Theory X. According to Theory X, workers have no interest in work, including the quality of their work. The job of managers is to deal with **them** by using "carrots and sticks." The "carrot" is usually money, such as a pay raise or a bonus. The "stick" is pay cuts for poor quality or missed production targets. Simply, Theory X claims that only money can motivate the lazy, disinterested worker.
2. In addition to using “carrots and sticks” for motivation, autocratic managers try to control all aspects of work as much as possible. A major threat to control is job complexity. Complex jobs are more difficult to learn and workers who are able to perform complex tasks are difficult to find. Thus, autocratic managers aim to simplify work to reduce worker responsibility and gain maximum control.
3. In times of stress or emergency, some workers may actually prefer to be managed by an autocratic style. Indeed, autocratic management can be very effective when times are stressful and workers need to be told exactly what to do. However, in less stressful times, it presents certain disadvantages. Firstly, the communication style of autocratic managers is usually one way. In other words, it is only the manager who communicates with the workers. This can be frustrating if the manager only criticizes the employees when they make mistakes, and provides little **praise** when they do something right. In addition, autocratic management style can create an environment of fear and resentment. Such an environment causes an increase in the number of absent workers and can slow down progress and production. Moreover, it can discourage creative ideas that might make the company more competitive.

## Which of the following BEST summarizes the main idea behind Theory X?

1. Workers are not willing to make a contribution to their own work voluntarily.
2. The only way for a manager to improve quality is to threaten the workers.
3. Pay raises or bonuses only work if the workers are disinterested.
4. Pay cuts require workers to miss their production targets.

## In paragraph I, “them” refers to .

a. carrots b. workers c. sticks d. managers

## Which of the following is NOT a disadvantage of autocratic management style?

1. It leads to fear and dislike for their jobs among workers.
2. It discourages workers from coming to work every day.
3. It leads to unfair competition among workers.
4. It results in slower progress and production rates.

## In paragraph III, “praise” is closest in meaning to .

a. approval b. approach c. apology d. appeal

## It can be UNDERSTOOD from the text that autocratic management can be useful in times of .

a. competition b. peace c. stability d. crisis

# THE MELTING POT OR THE SALAD BOWL?

1. For many years, the cultural model that was widely accepted in the United States was that the country was a melting pot for immigrants. The melting pot symbolizes the different groups of people who migrated to the United States and brought their own characteristics with them. Once they were in the United States, these people and their cultures were expected to mix and assimilate into a uniform United States culture in which it is impossible to notice the diverse cultures that made **it** up.
2. In recent years, however, the idea of the melting pot is being replaced by a new one. Many new immigrants to the United States do not feel they should be required to change. They believe that they can contribute and belong to the United States, and be its citizens while still keeping some of the culture, beliefs and even the language that they brought with them. Therefore, the new model that is being suggested for the United States is the salad bowl. The salad bowl describes a multicultural society where people do not have to **conform** to make a new unity, but keep their original character while living side by side with each other.
3. It is not certain whether either of these two models is correct for the modern United States. The melting pot seems to be over-idealistic and outdated. Also, older Americans may be suspicious of newer arrivals and do not welcome them, whereas newer Americans may feel that it is impossible to give up their past and their cultural characteristics. The salad bowl is not a perfect model, either. New immigrants who have not learned English or accepted the culture and beliefs common in the United States have difficulty in being a part of the American society. As a result, they are often accused of being unwilling to change, in other words, of not being American enough.

## Which of the following is WRONG about the “melting pot” model?

1. It requires immigrants to change their culture and beliefs.
2. It used to be the dominant cultural model for a long time.
3. It is an up-to-date and realistic model for the United States.
4. Its main purpose is to create a uniform national culture.

## Which of the following BEST explains the “salad bowl” model?

1. Immigrants are expected to change and assimilate into a single culture.
2. Immigrants are allowed to keep their original cultural identities and beliefs.
3. Immigrants are no longer a part of the United States if they refuse to change.
4. Immigrants are asked to learn English and be American as soon as possible.

## In paragraph 1, “it” refers to .

a. United States culture b. noticing diverse cultures

c. cultural model d. migration to the United States

## In paragraph 2, “conform” is closest in meaning to .

a. adapt b. arrange c. acquire d. absorb

## It can be UNDERSTOOD from the text that .

1. the salad bowl is a more agreeable model than the melting pot for older Americans.
2. new immigrants prefer the salad bowl model rather than the melting pot model.
3. learning English makes it more difficult for immigrants to adapt to American culture.
4. older Americans always welcome new immigrants if they choose to be American.

**ANSWER KEY**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **1** | A |
| **2** | B |
| **3** | D |
| **4** | D |
| **5** | A |
| **6** | C |
| **7** | D |
| **8** | C |
| **9** | B |
| **10** | B |
| **11** | A |
| **12** | B |
| **13** | A |
| **14** | D |
| **15** | C |
| **16** | C |
| **17** | B |
| **18** | C |
| **19** | C |
| **20** | D |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **21** | A |
| **22** | B |
| **23** | C |
| **24** | D |
| **25** | A |
| **26** | D |
| **27** | C |
| **28** | B |
| **29** | A |
| **30** | B |
| **31** | A |
| **32** | C |
| **33** | D |
| **34** | C |
| **35** | D |
| **36** | B |
| **37** | B |
| **38** | C |
| **39** | D |
| **40** | B |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **41** | A |
| **42** | B |
| **43** | D |
| **44** | A |
| **45** | B |
| **46** | C |
| **47** | A |
| **48** | D |
| **49** | D |
| **50** | B |
| **51** | A |
| **52** | B |
| **53** | C |
| **54** | A |
| **55** | C |
| **56** | A |
| **57** | A |
| **58** | B |
| **59** | D |
| **60** | A |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **61** | B |
| **62** | D |
| **63** | A |
| **64** | C |
| **65** | D |
| **66** | D |
| **67** | B |
| **68** | A |
| **69** | C |
| **70** | B |
| **71** | A |
| **72** | B |
| **73** | C |
| **74** | A |
| **75** | D |
| **76** | C |
| **77** | B |
| **78** | A |
| **79** | A |
| **80** | B |